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· APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/729,556	12/04/2003	James M. Harris	SP02-139	2053
22928 CORNING IN	7590 05/03/2007 CORPORATED		EXAMINER PASCAL, LESLIE C	
SP-TI-3-1				
CORNING, N	Y 14831	,	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2613	
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			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			05/03/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	10/729,556	HARRIS ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Leslie Pascal	2613					
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence address -	•				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by stated and the second part of the maximum statutory period for reply will, by stated and the second part of the second part of the maximum state of the second part of the	DATE OF THIS COMMUNI 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a od will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON tute, cause the application to become Al	CATION. reply be timely filed ITHS from the mailing date of this communica BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 14	March 2007.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allow	vance except for formal mat	ers, prosecution as to the merits	s is				
closed in accordance with the practice unde	r <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D	). 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims							
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>13-23</u> is/are pending in the applica	tion.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>14-16 and 23</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) 13 17-22 is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	d/or election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Exam	iner.						
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ a		by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the		•					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corr	ection is required if the drawing	(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.12	1(d).				
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. Note the attache	d Office Action or form PTO-152					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the papplication from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a I	ents have been received. ents have been received in A riority documents have been eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No  received in this National Stage					
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(	Summary (PTO-413) s)/Mail Date nformal Patent Application 					

Application/Control Number: 10/729,556

Art Unit: 2613

1. Claim 14 is withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a nonelected invention, there being no allowable generic or linking claim. Applicant timely traversed the restriction (election) requirement in the reply filed on 3-14-07. Further, the applicant has added new claims. Claim 23 is withdrawn from consideration because it is drawn to the invention of claim 14 which was previously restricted. Presently, this situation is disclosed in MPEP 806.05(c), section II, section B. Claim 1 is AB<sub>br</sub>. Claim 2 is B<sub>sp</sub>. Claim 23 is AB<sub>sp</sub>. A is related to the multiplexing and subsystem. B<sub>br</sub> is related to the transmitter and receiver of claim 13 without details of clocking and bit phase details. B<sub>sp</sub> is related to the transmitter and receiver of claims 14 and 23 with details of clocking and bit phase details. Since applicant elected claim 13, claims 17-22 are going to be examined with these claims. Claims 14 and 23 are withdrawn from consideration at this time.

Page 2

2. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

3. Claims 13 and 17-22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the enablement requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention. It is not clear what is meant by "orthogonal multiplexing" from the specification and claims. It is further unclear how the different dimensions are used. For example,

**Art Unit: 2613** 

there does not appear to be any detail of how the wavebands are used or how this provides orthogonal multiplexing. Specifically, time and polarization in combination with the wavelength or waveband are not clearly disclosed. Nor is it clear how this is considered "orthogonal". The specification does not teach how four dimensions provide the orthogonal multiplexing. It appears that the applicant feels that this is so well known that he does not have to disclose it. In addition, the specification does not teach how the switching is done "in less than 100 picoseconds".

- 4. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

  The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 5. Claims 17-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

A broad range or limitation together with a narrow range or limitation that falls within the broad range or limitation (in the same claim) is considered indefinite, since the resulting claim does not clearly set forth the metes and bounds of the patent protection desired. See MPEP § 2173.05(c). Note the explanation given by the Board of Patent Appeals and Interferences in *Ex parte Wu*, 10 USPQ2d 2031, 2033 (Bd. Pat. App. & Inter. 1989), as to where broad language is followed by "such as" and then narrow language. The Board stated that this can render a claim indefinite by raising a question or doubt as to whether the feature introduced by such language is (a) merely exemplary of the remainder of the claim, and therefore not required, or (b) a required feature of the claims. Note also, for example, the decisions of *Ex parte Steigewald*, 131

Application/Control Number: 10/729,556

Art Unit: 2613

USPQ 74 (Bd. App. 1961); *Ex parte Hall*, 83 USPQ 38 (Bd. App. 1948); and *Ex parte Hasche*, 86 USPQ 481 (Bd. App. 1949). In the present instance, claim 13 recites the broad recitation less than 1 microsecond, and claim 17 also recites less than a nanosecond and claim 18 recites less than a 100 picoseconds, which is the narrower statement of the range/limitation.

- 6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 7. Claims 13, 17-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Suemura et al (6333800) in view of Hill et al (5241409).

In figure 29, Suemura et al teach a plurality of transmitters (1000-1031), multiplexing subsystem (1100-1103), distribution subsystem (1200-1203) and one or more selection subsystems (1300-1307, 1400-1431). Although he does not teach specifics about his receivers operating in "burst mode", it is well known to use burst mode in data communications in order to send a sequence of signals as a unit, which can be separated as a burst also. In regard to the orthogonal multiplexing, the applicant defines this as having at least two separate parameters (space and wavelength). Figure 29 shows the space (four different lines between elements 1100 –1103 and 1200-1203 respectively) and teaches the wavelength multiplexing, Suemura et al teach a system similar to applicant's figure 21. In regard to the speed of the selection

Art Unit: 2613

subsystem, Suemura teaches using a tunable filter to select the channel. Hill et al teach that it is well known for a tunable filter to be fast (column 2, lines 26-29). It would have been obvious to use fast filters in the system of Suemura et al in order to quickly separate the signals as taught by Hill et al without waiting for slow filters to tune to the correct channel. In that it would have been obvious to switch fast, it would have been obvious to select as fast as possible. See the above 112 first and second paragraph rejections. In regard to claims 20-22, see the above 112, first paragraph rejection. If the applicant feels that such multiplexing is so well known that he does not have to disclose how it is done, it would appear that it would have been obvious in the system of Suemura et al.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Leslie Pascal whose telephone number is 571-272-3032. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday- Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jason Chan can be reached on 571-272-3022. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Application/Control Number: 10/729,556

Art Unit: 2613

Page 6

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Leslie Pascal Primary Examiner Art Unit 2613

Leadie, Pascal